MERCOSUR can become a food supplier for the world.

- For 70% of the developing world, agriculture is the main income and source of employment.
- 42% Humanity depends on agriculture to survive.

88% of developing countries suffer some form of malnutrition.
• More than 32% of net exports
• OECD-FAO projections suggest an increase in production and exports greater than in the rest of the world
• Growing importance of exports as% of Global Consumption: Food security will depend on food trade
• BY 2030 MERCOSUR WILL HAVE AROUND 50% PARTICIPATION IN WORLD TRADE

- OECD-FAO 2019 & World Bank
- Argentina, Bolivia, Brasil, Chile, Paraguay y Uruguay
TRADE BARRIERS MEAN POVERTY

- Tariff Quotas
- MRLs Lower Than Codex
- Precautionary Principle
- Indirect Land Use Change
- Hazard Approach # Risk Assessment
- Environmental Regulations Private & Public
- Other Legitimate Factors Than Science
- Tariff Escalation to Food Process Products